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SULT1A1 siRNA (m): sc-155969

BACKGROUND

The soluble sulfotransferases contribute to the elimination of xenobiotics, the activation of procarcinogens and the regulation of hormones by catalyzing the sulfate conjugation of these substances. Members of the three groups comprising this superfamily (namely SULT1, SULT2 and SULT3) show selectivity to certain substrate compounds. SULT1A1 (sulfotransferase family, cytosolic, 1A, phenol-preferring, member 1), also known as STP or STP1, is a 295 amino acid protein that localizes to the cytoplasm and belongs to the sulfotransferase family. Functioning as a homodimer that is expressed in brain, liver, skin and lung tissue, SULT1A1 catalyzes the sulfate conjugation of catecholamines, phenolic drugs and neurotransmitters and, via this catalytic activity, plays a role in the elimination of a variety of compounds from the body. Additionally, SULT1A1 may be involved in the activation of carcinogenic N-hydroxyarylamines, indicating a possible role in carcinogenesis.

REFERENCES

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3. Glatt, H. 2000. Sulfotransferases in the bioactivation of xenobiotics. *Chem. Biol. Interact.* 129: 141-170.
4. Engelke, C.E., et al. 2000. Association between functional genetic polymorphisms of human sulfotransferases 1A1 and 1A2. *Pharmacogenetics* 10: 163-169.
5. Kotnis, A., et al. 2008. Case-control study and meta-analysis of SULT1A1 Arg²¹³His polymorphism for gene, ethnicity and environment interaction for cancer risk. *Br. J. Cancer* 99: 1340-1347.
6. Hirata, H., et al. 2008. CYP1A1, SULT1A1, and SULT1E1 polymorphisms are risk factors for endometrial cancer susceptibility. *Cancer* 112: 1964-1973.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Sult1a1 (mouse) mapping to 7 F3.

PRODUCT

SULT1A1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SULT1A1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-155969-SH and SULT1A1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-155969-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SULT1A1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-155969A, sc-155969B and sc-155969C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

SULT1A1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of SULT1A1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

SULT1A1 (214E2Z): sc-517645 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of SULT1A1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker[™] Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SULT1A1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SULT1A1 (m)-PR: sc-155969-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.