

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



## Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

## Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in





## Instructions For Use

# RA0182-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Nov. 4, 2014

**Revision: 1** 

Page 1 of 2

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

# Cytokeratin 17 (KRT17) (Basal Epithelial Marker); Clone E3 (Ks17.E3) (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents: <u>Item #</u> <u>Volume</u> RA0182-C.5 <u>Volume</u> 0.5 ml

**Description:** 

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: The cytoskeletal fraction of rat colon epithelium

Clone: E3 (Ks17.E3) Isotype: IgG2b, kappa

Entrez Gene ID: 3872 (Human); 287702 (Rat)

Hu Chromosome Loc.: 17q21.2

Synonyms: K17; Keratin Type I Cytoskeletal 17; Keratin-17; KRT17; PCHC1

Mol. Weight of Antigen: 46kDa

Format: 200µg/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 1mM PBS

with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide.

Specificity: This antibody to CK17 is an excellent tool to distinguish myoepithelial cells from luminal

epithelium of various glands such as mammary, sweat and salivary. CK17 is expressed in epithelial cells of various origins, such as bronchial epithelial cells and skin appendages. It may be considered as an "epithelial stem cell" marker because the CK17 antibody marks basal cell

differentiation.

Background: Cytokeratin 17 (CK17) is a member of the Cytokeratin subfamily of intermediate filament

proteins (IFP's). It is unique in that it is normally expressed in the basal cells of complex epithelia but not in stratified or simple epithelia. CK17 is expressed in the nail bed, hair follicle, sebaceous glands, and other epidermal appendages. CK17 can be useful when included in a panel of antibodies against TTF-1, napsin A, CK5&6, p63, and SOX-2 for diagnostic differentiation between lung adenocarcinoma (LADC) and lung squamous cell carcinoma (SCLC), especially for poorly-differentiated lung carcinoma. CK17 expression in SCLC is much higher than in LADC. In breast carcinomas, approximately 20% of patients show no expression of ER, PR and Her2, which are defined as triple negative tumors. Eighty-five percent of the triple negative breast carcinomas immunoreact with basal cytokeratins including anti-CK17. Also important is that cases of triple negative breast carcinoma with expression of CK17 show an aggressive clinical course. The histologic differentiation of ampullary cancer, intestinal vs. pancreatobiliary, is very important for treatment. Usually, anti-CK17 and anti-MUC1

immunoreactivity represents the pancreatobiliary subtype whereas anti-MUC2 and anti-CDX-2

positivity defines the intestinal subtype.

Species Reactivity: Human, Rat, Cow, Goat and Pig. Others not known.

Positive Control: T24 cells or skin.
Cellular Localization: Cytoplasmic

Titer/ Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry (Frozen and Formalin-fixed): 0.5-1 µg/ml

Flow Cytometry: 0.5-1 µg/million cells

Immunofluorescence: 1-2 μg/ml Western Blotting: 0.5-1 μg/ml

Immunoprecipitation: 1-2 µg/500µg protein lysate

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C 8° C

S

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc.

205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321

U.S.A.

(6

EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570

Molsnstraat 15

2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands

Doc: IFU-Template2-8rev2



# Instructions For Use RA0182-C.5-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Nov. 4, 2014

**Revision: 1** 

Page 2 of 2

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

**Uses/Limitations:** Not to be taken internally.

For Research Use Only.

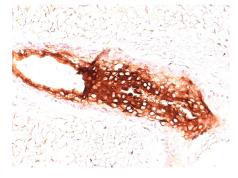
This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded

tissue sections, to be viewed by light

microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date.

Non-Sterile.



Formalin-paraffin skin stained with CK17; Clone E3.

### Ordering Information and Current Pricing at <a href="https://www.scytek.com">www.scytek.com</a>

#### Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment (Required):** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is significantly enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
   However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

### **Precautions:**

Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

### References:

- 1. Smedts et. al. Am J Pathol 141: 497, 1992.
- 2. Smedts et. al. Am J Pathol 140: 601, 1992.
- 3. Wetzels et. al. Histopathol 20: 295, 1992.

### Warranty:

No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

Storage: 2° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A. CE

EC REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands