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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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INSTRUCTIONS

His-Spin Protein Miniprep™

Catalog No. P2001 (10 purifications) and P2002 (50 purifications).

Highlights

- Fast 5 minute protocol to purify His-tagged proteins from cell-free extracts
- Screen your recombinant colonies directly for protein production rather than for plasmid insert
- Easy way to prepare pure protein for small-scale studies
- Purified high-quality protein is suitable for enzyme kinetics, SDS-PAGE, MALDI-TOF, covalent modification, and other applications
- No special instrumentation needed other than a benchtop microcentrifuge

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ZYMO RESEARCH

The Beauty of Science is to Make Things Simple

ZYMO RESEARCH CORP.

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Specifications:

- purification time: 5 minutes
- protein purity: electrophoretically pure
- elution volume: 100 – 200 ul (optimal 150 ul)
- elution method: imidazole gradient
- affinity matrix: Nickel charged agarose
- capacity: 1 mg purified protein per standard prep.
- stability: quality is guaranteed for 1 year from the purchase date

Kit Contents:

	P2001 (10 purifications)	P2002 (50 purifications)	Storage*
Zymo-Spin P1 columns	10	50	Room Temperature
Collection tubes	10	50	Room Temperature
His-Affinity Gel	2.8 ml	14 ml	4°C
His-Binding Buffer	10 ml	50 ml	4°C
His-Wash Buffer	10 ml	50 ml	4°C
His-Elution Buffer	5 ml	25 ml	4°C
Instruction sheet	1	1	

* The buffers should be stored refrigerated. However, they may be stored for up to 3 months at room temperature without any effect on stability. Keep the buffers cold, or put them on ice before use for purification of sensitive proteins. The affinity gel may be kept at room temperature for up to 7 days.

Ordering Information:

Products	Cat. No	Size
His-Spin Protein Miniprep™ Reagents provided for 10 purifications.	P2001	1 kit
His-Spin Protein Miniprep™ Reagents provided for 50 purifications.	P2002	1 kit
Kit components for individual sale:		
Zymo-Spin P1 columns	P2003-1	Pack of 50
Collection tubes	C1001-50	Pack of 50
His-Affinity Gel	P2003-2	14 ml
His-Binding Buffer	P2003-3	50 ml
His-Wash Buffer	P2003-4	50 ml
His-Elution Buffer	P2003-5	25 ml

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Description

The **His-Spin Protein Miniprep™** provides researchers with a fast His-tagged protein purification technology. The simplified procedure is based on our innovative protein purification chemistry and custom designed fast spin columns. Up to 1 mg of His tagged protein can be purified in 5 minutes and eluted in as little as 100 μ l of **His-Elution Buffer**. The purified protein can be used directly for enzymatic assays, protein biochemical analyses, SDS-PAGE and other applications. The product has been optimized for maximal protein purity: a single protein band is visible by Coomassie blue staining on SDS-PAGE gel (Figure 1.). The straightforward spin – wash – elute protocol dramatically simplifies protein purification: get results in minutes, not hours.

Protocol

NOTE: The procedure can be conducted in cold or at room temperature. Use cold buffers and work on ice for sensitive proteins. Pay attention to centrifugation times: times listed include the time needed for acceleration. Centrifugal steps are carried out in standard tabletop microcentrifuge at maximum speed, usually corresponding to 13,000 to 15,000 g. Read the **SAMPLE PREPARATION** section below to make sure that the samples are in correct buffer before loading on the column.

1. Transfer 250 μ l of **His-Affinity Gel** to the Zymo-Spin P1 column (make sure the resin is fully resuspended by shaking/vortexing the bottle before pipetting) and place the column into a collection tube.

Use 1 ml pipette tip to transfer the **His-Affinity Gel**.; 200 μ l-size (usually yellow) or smaller automatic pipette tips have small opening and may not be large enough for the affinity gel particles.

2. Centrifuge for 5-10 seconds.

Ensure that the **His-Affinity Gel** is completely drained. Some older centrifuge models may require longer time of centrifugation. Do not over-dry the gel by long centrifugation times.

3. Add 150-300 μ l of protein sample and resuspend the gel by shaking or tapping the column. Resuspend the gel a few more times during a two minute incubation period.

It is important to allow the gel and your sample to interact for at least two minutes. If sample volume is larger than 200 μ l, an additional 1-2 minutes binding time may be needed to improve yields of purified protein.

4. Centrifuge the column/collection tube 5-10 seconds. Discard the flow-through and place the column back in the collection tube.

5. Add 250 μ l of **His-Wash Buffer** and resuspend the gel. Centrifuge 5-10 seconds.

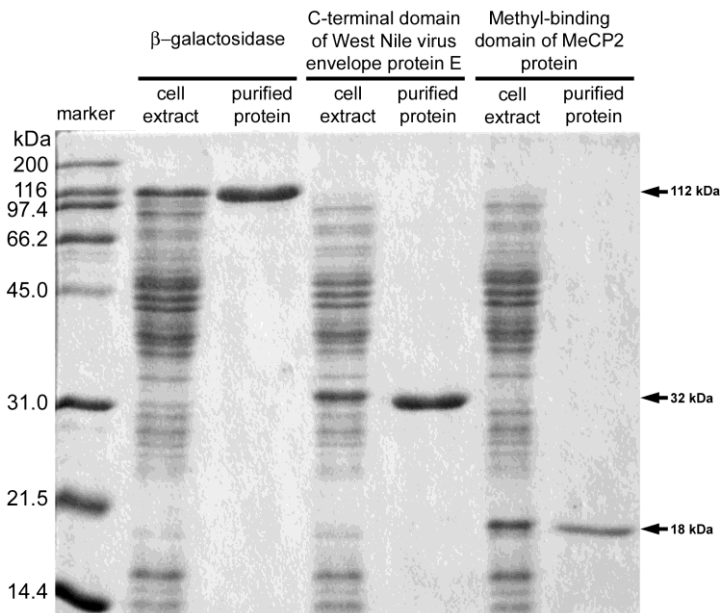


Figure 1. *E. coli* cell extracts, containing indicated proteins expressed as a N-terminal hexahistidine fusion, as well as the proteins purified using His-Spin Protein Miniprep™ were analyzed by SDS-PAGE on a 15% gel, and stained with Coomassie Blue®. The recombinant proteins were purposely expressed to a low level to demonstrate efficiency of the His-Spin Protein Miniprep™.

- Repeat the above wash step (step #5) one more time. Discard the collection tube.
- Place the Zymo-Spin P1 column into a standard microcentrifuge tube. Add 150 ul of **His-Elution Buffer** to the column and resuspend the gel.

Elution volumes can be between 100-200 ul. 150 ul of His-Elution Buffer elutes virtually all the column-bound protein. Smaller elution volumes are also possible and may yield more concentrated protein, but the elution efficiency may be compromised.

- Centrifuge 5-10 seconds to elute the purified protein.

The eluate now contains the purified protein. The eluted protein is suitable for many applications. Use 1-10 ul for SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining analysis. Store the purified protein at appropriate temperature.

Sample preparation

His-Binding Buffer is recommended for sample preparation. Cells expressing the polyhistidine-tagged protein may be directly resuspended in the **His-Binding Buffer** and lysed by standard methods including sonication, repeated freeze-thaw cycles, french press, etc. Other commercial protein extraction buffers (such as BugBuster® from EMD Biosciences or CellLytic from Sigma) are also compatible with the **His-Spin Protein Miniprep™** system and can be used after adjusting pH and imidazole concentration to values similar to those in the **His-Binding Buffer**.

Any cell extract or other complex protein mixtures can be used as a starting material as long as the proteins are soluble. pH value of the loaded sample should be between 7.5 and 8.0. Too high or low pH can result in decreased protein yields and/or quality. The sample should not contain higher concentrations of imidazole or histidine (OK up to 10 mM) and should be completely devoid of metal-chelating agents, such as EDTA or EGTA, and strong reducing agents such as DTT. β -mercaptoethanol may be present up to 15 mM. If you are not sure what is in your sample, you can dilute the starting material with one volume of the **His-Binding Buffer** before proceeding with the purification process.

EXAMPLE PROCEDURE for protein purification from *E. coli* cell lysates: harvest 10 ml of grown culture and resuspend in 1 ml of **His-Binding Buffer**. Lyse the cells by sonication (or other methods) and centrifuge at $\geq 12,000$ g at 4°C for 5 minutes to remove cell debris. Use 150 ul of the supernatant for protein purification.

Other Technical Considerations

- Starting material containing incompatible components such as EDTA, EGTA, DTT, > 15 mM β -mercaptoethanol, > 10 mM imidazole or histidine.**

If your starting material contains these compounds, dilution with the **His-Binding Buffer** may help. Multiple loadings on the column will be necessary to load enough material. If the sample is in a different buffer, adjust the pH and imidazole and salt concentrations and carry out a test preparation. If the protein is still not bound, the sample needs to be dialyzed before use.

- Diluted starting material**

If your starting material contains low levels of His-tagged protein and it requires more than 300 ul starting sample to purify enough protein, repeat steps #3 and #4 of the **Protocol** by loading 300 ul sample each time to mix with the **His-Affinity Gel**.

- No purified protein recovered**

There are several possible explanations for recovering no protein. Often, the His-tag may be rendered inaccessible as a result of protein folding. The recombinant protein can also be insoluble as a result of overexpression. In both cases, the protein can be purified at denaturing conditions (see below). On rare occasions, the protein is bound to the **His-Affinity Gel** too tightly and can not be eluted with the supplied **His-Elution Buffer**. A custom-made elution buffer containing 500 mM imidazole or 100 mM EDTA may elute the tightly-bound protein. Also, check your DNA construct for errors.

4. Low yield of purified protein

Protein folding may hinder binding of the hexahistidine tag to the **His-Affinity Gel**. In this case, unbound protein is found in the flow-through or wash fractions. Lowering the imidazole concentration of the **His-Wash Buffer** to 25 mM (e.g., by dilution with **His-Binding Buffer**) may increase yields. Alternatively, in rare cases, the protein is bound to the **His-Affinity Gel** too tightly and can not be completely eluted with the supplied **His-Elution Buffer**. A custom-made elution buffer containing 500 mM imidazole or 100 mM EDTA will help to solve this problem.

5. Eluted protein is not pure

Check your buffers for signs of contamination, and check pH of the buffers. Also, make sure that centrifugation drains the **His-Affinity Gel** completely after each spin (some older centrifuge models may require longer centrifugation time). If the problem persists, add an additional wash step in the purification protocol, or increase the imidazole concentration of the washing buffer to 60 – 100 mM (e.g., by dilution with the **His-Elution Buffer**).

6. Insoluble protein.

Overexpression of proteins may result in formation of insoluble inclusion bodies inside cells. If a large band of over-expressed protein is visible after SDS-PAGE electrophoresis of whole cells, but the band is absent after SDS-PAGE electrophoresis of cleared cell lysates, this indicates that the protein may not be soluble and the expressed protein may form inclusion bodies.

Such proteins will not be purified using the provided buffers. It is, however, possible to purify such proteins at denaturing conditions in the presence of 8 M urea or 6 M guanidine hydrochloride. The protein native structure and thus enzyme activity is lost under such conditions, but may be restored by refolding the protein after purification.

For purification at denaturing conditions, lyse the cells or resuspend inclusion bodies in the denaturing binding buffer (see below). Follow the purification steps described above, replacing the buffers with denaturing buffers.

Denaturing Buffers (not supplied)

Important: Urea decomposition in these buffers may shift pH upon storage – check and re-adjust before use. For improved stability, it is recommended to store these buffers at 4°C or make fresh.

Binding buffer: 8 M urea, 10 mM imidazole, 0.1 M sodium phosphate monobasic, 0.01 M Tris, pH 8.0. Adjust the pH by addition of concentrated sodium hydroxide.

Washing buffer: 8 M urea, 50 mM imidazole, 0.1 M sodium phosphate monobasic, 0.01 M Tris, pH 6.3. After dissolving the components the solution will be approximately pH 6.3.

Elution buffer: 8 M urea, 250 mM imidazole, 0.1 M sodium phosphate monobasic, 0.01 M Tris, pH 4.5. Adjust the pH by addition of concentrated hydrochloric acid.

7. Membrane associated protein

Membrane proteins can be purified after solubilization in a nonionic detergent. Concentrations of up to 2% of Triton® or TWEEN® can be present in the loaded sample.

Composition of Supplied Solutions

His-Binding buffer

50 mM sodium phosphate buffer pH 7.7
300 mM sodium chloride
10 mM imidazole
0.03 % Triton X-100

His-Wash buffer

50 mM sodium phosphate buffer pH 7.7
300 mM sodium chloride
50 mM imidazole
0.03 % Triton X-100

His-Elution buffer

50 mM sodium phosphate buffer pH 7.7
300 mM sodium chloride
250 mM imidazole

His-Affinity gel

Nickel-charged agarose – 30 % by volume
20 mM sodium phosphate buffer pH 7.7
100 mM sodium chloride
10 mM imidazole
ethanol – 20 % by volume