# 3-(2-Hydroxyethyl)indole

sc-256394





The Power to Questi

Hazard Alert Code Key: EXTREME HIGH MODERATE

LOW

### Section 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### PRODUCT NAME

3-(2-Hydroxyethyl)indole

### STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE

Not considered a hazardous substance according to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.



### **SUPPLIER**

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 2145 Delaware Avenue Santa Cruz, California 95060 800.457.3801 or 831.457.3800

# EMERGENCY:

ChemWatch

Within the US & Canada: 877-715-9305 Outside the US & Canada: +800 2436 2255 (1-800-CHEMCALL) or call +613 9573 3112

#### SYNONYMS

C10-H11-N-O, "ethanol, 3-indolyl-", "indole ethanol", 3-indolylethanol, 3-indoleethanol, 3-omega-hydroxyethylindole, "2-(3-indolyl)ethyl alcohol", 2-indolyl(3)-ethanol, "beta-indolylethyl alcohol", 3-beta-hydroxyethylindole

# **Section 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### **CHEMWATCH HAZARD RATINGS**

		Min	Max
Flammability:	1		
Toxicity:	0		
Body Contact:	0		Min/Nil=0 Low=1
Reactivity:	1		Moderate=2
Chronic:	0		High=3 Extreme=4

### **CANADIAN WHMIS SYMBOLS**

None

# **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

**RISK** 

### **POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS**

### **ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS**

### **SWALLOWED**

■ The material has NOT been classified as "harmful by ingestion".

This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.

#### **FYF**

■ Although the material is not thought to be an irritant, direct contact with the eye may cause transient discomfort characterized by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).

Slight abrasive damage may also result.

#### SKIN

- The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or skin irritation following contact (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable gloves be used in an occupational setting
- Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material.
- Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.

#### **INHALED**

- The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
- Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled.

### **CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS**

■ Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to produce chronic effects adverse to the health (as classified using animal models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be minimized as a matter of course.

Long term exposure to high dust concentrations may cause changes in lung function i.e. pneumoconiosis; caused by particles less than 0.5 micron penetrating and remaining in the lung.

Section 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS				
NAME	CAS RN	%		
tryptophol	526-55-6	>98		

### **Section 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

### **SWALLOWED**

· Immediately give a glass of water. · First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Center or a doctor.

#### FYF

■ If this product comes in contact with eyes: · Wash out immediately with water. · If irritation continues, seek medical attention.

#### SKIN

■ If skin or hair contact occurs: · Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). · Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

### **INHALED**

 $\cdot$  If dust is inhaled, remove from contaminated area.  $\cdot$  Encourage patient to blow nose to ensure clear passage of breathing.  $\cdot$  If irritation or discomfort persists seek medical attention.

# **NOTES TO PHYSICIAN**

■ Treat symptomatically.

Section 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES				
Vapour Pressure (mmHG):	Negligible			
Upper Explosive Limit (%):	Not available.			
Specific Gravity (water=1):	Not available			
Lower Explosive Limit (%):	Not available			

### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

- · Foam.
- · Dry chemical powder.

### **FIRE FIGHTING**

- · Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- · Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

### GENERAL FIRE HAZARDS/HAZARDOUS COMBUSTIBLE PRODUCTS

- $\cdot$  Combustible solid which burns but propagates flame with difficulty.
- · Avoid generating dust, particularly clouds of dust in a confined or unventilated space as dusts may form an explosive mixture with air, and any source of ignition, i.e. flame or spark, will cause fire or explosion. Dust clouds generated by the fine grinding of the solid are a particular hazard; accumulations of fine dust may burn rapidly and fiercely if ignited.

Combustion products include: carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), nitrogen oxides (NOx), other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

### FIRE INCOMPATIBILITY

■ Avoid contamination with oxidizing agents i.e. nitrates, oxidizing acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result.

### PERSONAL PROTECTION

Glasses:

Chemical goggles.

Gloves:

Respirator:

Particulate

# **Section 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### MINOR SPILLS

- · Clean up all spills immediately.
- · Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

**MAJOR SPILLS** 

- · Clear area of personnel and move upwind.
- · Alert Emergency Responders and tell them location and nature of hazard.

### **Section 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING

- · Limit all unnecessary personal contact.
- · Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.

Empty containers may contain residual dust which has the potential to accumulate following settling. Such dusts may explode in the presence of an appropriate ignition source.

- Do NOT cut, drill, grind or weld such containers.
- · In addition ensure such activity is not performed near full, partially empty or empty containers without appropriate workplace safety authorisation or permit.

### **RECOMMENDED STORAGE METHODS**

- · Lined metal can, Lined metal pail/drum
- · Plastic pail.

### STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

- $\cdot$  Store in original containers.
- · Keep containers securely sealed.

### **Section 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

Source	Material	TWA ppm	TWA mg/m³	STEL ppm	STEL mg/m³	Peak ppm	Peak mg/m³	TWA F/CC	Notes
US - Oregon	tryptophol (Inert								
Permissible Exposure Limits (Z-3)	or Nuisance Dust: Total dust)		10						(d)

Pe Ex	S OSHA ermissible posure Levels ELs) - Table	tryptophol (Inert or Nuisance Dust: (d) Respirable fraction)	5	
Pe Ex	S OSHA ermissible eposure Levels ELs) - Table	tryptophol (Inert or Nuisance Dust: (d) Total dust)	15	
Co	S - Hawaii Air ontaminant nits	tryptophol (Particulates not other wise regulated - Total dust)	10	
Co	S - Hawaii Air ontaminant mits	tryptophol (Particulates not other wise regulated - Respirable fraction)	5	
Pe	S - Oregon ermissible posure Limits -3)	tryptophol (Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction)	5	(d)
Pe Ex for	S - California ermissible eposure Limits Chemical ontaminants	tryptophol (Particulates not otherwise regulated Respirable fraction)	5	(n)
Oc Ex - L	S - Tennessee ccupational posure Limits imits For Air ontaminants	tryptophol (Particulates not otherwise regulated Respirable fraction)	5	
To: Ha Su Ta for	S - Wyoming xic and azardous abstances ble Z1 Limits of Air	tryptophol (Particulates not otherwise regulated (PNOR)(f)- Respirable fraction)	5	
Ex for	S - Michigan posure Limits Air ontaminants	tryptophol (Particulates not otherwise regulated, Respirable dust)	5	
Ed Oc	anada - Prince Iward Island ccupational posure Limits	tryptophol (Particles (Insoluble or Poorly Soluble) [NOS] Inhalable particles)	10	See Appendix B current TLV/BEI Book
E .	DOEL TABLE			

# ENDOELTABLE

# PERSONAL PROTECTION



### **RESPIRATOR**

Particulate

Consult your EHS staff for recommendations

#### **FYF**

- · Safety glasses with side shields
- · Chemical goggles.

### HANDS/FEET

- Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage. Important factors in the selection of gloves include: such as:
- · frequency and duration of contact,
- · chemical resistance of glove material,
- · glove thickness and
- · dexterity

Select gloves tested to a relevant standard (e.g. Europe EN 374, US F739).

- · When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.
- · When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended.
- · Contaminated gloves should be replaced.

Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturiser is recommended.

Experience indicates that the following polymers are suitable as glove materials for protection against undissolved, dry solids, where abrasive particles are not present.

- · polychloroprene
- · nitrile rubber
- · butyl rubber
- · fluorocaoutchouc
- · polyvinyl chloride

Gloves should be examined for wear and/ or degradation constantly.

#### OTHER

■ No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.

OTHERWISE:

- · Overalls.
- · Barrier cream.

### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

- · Local exhaust ventilation is required where solids are handled as powders or crystals; even when particulates are relatively large, a certain proportion will be powdered by mutual friction.
- Exhaust ventilation should be designed to prevent accumulation and recirculation of particulates in the workplace.

# **Section 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### **PHYSICAL PROPERTIES**

Solid.

Does not mix with water.

State	Divided solid	Molecular Weight	161.20
Melting Range (°F)	138.2	Viscosity	Not available
Boiling Range (°F)	345.2 (2.0 mm Hg)	Solubility in water (g/L)	Partly miscible
Flash Point (°F)	Not available	pH (1% solution)	Not applicable
Decomposition Temp (°F)	Not available.	pH (as supplied)	Not applicable
Autoignition Temp (°F)	Not available	Vapour Pressure (mmHG)	Negligible
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not available.	Specific Gravity (water=1)	Not available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not available	Relative Vapor Density (air=1)	>1
Volatile Component (%vol)	Negligible	Evaporation Rate	Not applicable

#### **APPEARANCE**

Off-white to beige crystalline powder; does not mix well with water. Soluble in methanol, ethanol, ether, acetone, chloroform, ethyl acetate, glacial acetic acid, benzene, amyl alcohol.

### **Section 10 - CHEMICAL STABILITY**

### **CONDITIONS CONTRIBUTING TO INSTABILITY**

■ Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### STORAGE INCOMPATIBILITY

■ Avoid contamination of water, foodstuffs, feed or seed.

Avoid reaction with oxidizing agents.

For incompatible materials - refer to Section 7 - Handling and Storage.

### Section 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

tryptophol

#### **TOXICITY AND IRRITATION**

#### TRYPTOPHOL:

■ No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

# **Section 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No data

**Ecotoxicity** 

Persistence: Water/Soil Persistence: Air Bioaccumulation Mobility

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### **Section 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **Disposal Instructions**

All waste must be handled in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- · Reduction
- · Reuse
- $\cdot \ \text{Recycling}$
- · Disposal (if all else fails)

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. Shelf life considerations should also be applied in making decisions of this type. Note that properties of a material may change in use, and recycling or reuse may not always be appropriate.

DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning equipment to enter drains. Collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.

- · Recycle wherever possible.
- · Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult Waste Management Authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.

### **Section 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION**

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS: DOT, IATA, IMDG

### **Section 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### tryptophol (CAS: 526-55-6) is found on the following regulatory lists:

"Canada Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)","US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Inventory"

### **Section 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### ND

Substance CAS Suggested codes tryptophol 526-55-6

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- Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

  A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

  www.chemwatch.net/references.
- The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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