Safety Data Sheet



Accordina	to the	UN GHS	revision 8
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Creation Date: August 12, 2024 Revision Date: August 12, 2024

1.	IDENTIFICATION		
1.1	GHS Product identifier		
	Product name:	Acetylcysteine	
	Catalog Number:	T0875	
	CAS Number:	616-91-1	
1.2	Other means of identifica	tion	
	Other names:		
1.3	Recommended use of the	chemical and restrictions on use	
	Identified uses:		
1.4	Supplier's details		
	Company:	Targetmol Chemicals Inc.	
	Uses advised against:	36 Washington Street,Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts 02481 USA	
	Tel/Fax:	(781) 999-4286	
1.5	Emergency phone numbe	er	
	Emergency phone number:	781-999-4286	
	Service hours:	Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard timezone:UTC/GMT -5hours).	
2.	HAZARD IDENTIFICATION		
2.1	Classification of the subst	tance or mixture	
	Not classified.		
2.2	GHS label elements, inclu	iding precautionary statements	
	Pictogram(s):		
	Signal word:	No signal word	
	Hazard statement(s):	none	
	Precautionary statement(s):		
	Prevention:	none	
	Response:	none	
	Storage:	none	
	Disposal:	none	
2.3	Other hazards which do r	not resultin classification	
	no data available		
3.	COMPOSITION/INFORMAT		
3.1	Substances		

A DRUG SCREENING EXPERT

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Acetylcysteine	_	616-91-1	210-498-3

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

no data available

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Basic treatment: Establish a patent airway. Suction if necessary. Watch for signs of respiratory insufficiency and assist ventilations if needed. Administer oxygen by nonrebreather mask at 10 to 15 L/min. Monitor for pulmonary edema and treat if necessary . Monitor for shock and treat if necessary . Anticipate seizures and treat if necessary . For eye contamination, flush eyes immediately with water. Irrigate each eye continuously with normal saline during transport . Do not use emetics. For ingestion, rinse mouth and administer 5 ml/kg up to 200 ml of water for dilution if the patient can swallow, has a strong gag reflex, and does not drool . Cover skin burns with dry sterile dressings after decontamination . Poison A and B

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

no data available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or alcohol-resistant foam.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

no data available

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Collect and arrange disposal. Keep the chemical in suitable and closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use sparkproof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Unopened vials of acetylcysteine sodium solution should be stored at 15-30 deg C. Following exposure to air, solutions should be stored at 2-8 deg C to retard oxidation and should be used within 96 hr.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Solid
Color	Crystals from water
Odour	SLIGHT ACETIC ODOR
Melting point/ freezing point	180°C(lit.)
Boilingpoint or initial boiling point and boiling range	165°C/30mmHg(lit.)
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	no data available
Flash point	36°C(lit.)
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available
Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	2 TO 2.75 (1 IN 100 ML)
Kinematic viscosity	no data available

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Solubility	DMSO: 60 mg/mL (367.67 mM),The compound is unstable in solution, please use soon. Ethanol: 31 mg/mL (190 mM), H2O: 100 mg/ml (612.78 mM£©,Sonication and heating are recommended.
N-octanol-water partition coefficient	log Kow = -0.66 /Estimated/
Vapour pressure	1.1X10-5 mm Hg at 25 deg C /Estimated/
Density and/ or relative density	1.294 g/cm3
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

no data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable in ordinary light; stable at temp up to 120 deg C; nonhygroscopic (oxidizes in moist air)

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

no data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Acetylcysteine is a reducing agent and is incompatible with oxidizing agents. Solutions of acetylcysteine become discolored and liberate hydrogen sulfide upon contact with rubber, some metals, particularly iron and copper, and/or when subjected to autoclaving. ... Solutions containing amphotericin B, tetracyclines, erythromycin lactobionate, or ampicillin sodium. ... Acetylcysteine solutions are also physically incompatible with iodized oil, trypsin, hydrogen peroxide.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

no data available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 - rat - 5 050 mg/kg bw. Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Growth of 10 different bacteria strains isolated from Swedish paper mills were inhibited by acetylcysteine at concentrations of 0.5 mg/mL (1). Also application of acetylcysteine decreased the production of extracellular polysaccarides in all of the bacteria at concentration of 0.25 mg/mL(1). This suggests that biodegradation is not an important environmental fate process.[(1) Olofsson AC et al; Appl Environ Microbiol 69: 4814-22 (2003)] Full text: PMC169071

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 3.2 was calculated for acetylcysteine(SRC), using an estimated log Kow of -0.66(1) and a regression-derived equation (2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

12.4 Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc for acetylcysteine can be estimated to be 10 (SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that acetylcysteine is expected to have very high mobility in soil. The pKa of acetylcysteine is 3.24(3), indicating that this compound will primarily exist as an anion in the environment anions generally do not adsorb more strongly to organic carbon and clay than their neutral counterparts(4).

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13. **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number

no data available

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

no data available

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

no data available

14.4 Packing group, if applicable

no data available

14.5 Environmental hazards

no data available

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Listed.
EC Inventory	Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015	Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIOC)	Listed.
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory	Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)	Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)	Listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information on revision

August 12, 2024

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Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.

org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.

gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Other Information

no data available

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