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Datasheet

AUH (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog Number: H00000549-Q01

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human AUH partial ORF (NP_001689, 44 a.a. - 135 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.

Sequence:

RAGPAIWAQGWVPAAGGPAPKRGYSSEMKTEDELRV RHLEEENRGIVVLGINRAYGKNSLSKNLIKMLSKAVDAL KSDKKVRTIIIRSEVPG

Host: Wheat Germ (in vitro)

Theoretical MW (kDa): 35.86

Applications: AP, Array, ELISA, WB-Re (See our web site product page for detailed applications information)

Protocols: See our web site at http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product page for detailed protocols

Preparation Method: *in vitro* wheat germ expression system

Purification: Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow

Storage Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.

Storage Instruction: Store at -80 °C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GenelD: 549

Gene Symbol: AUH

Gene Alias: -

Gene Summary: AU-specific RNA-binding enoyl-CoA hydratase (AUH) protein binds to the AU-rich element (ARE), a common element found in the 3' UTR of rapidly decaying mRNA such as c-fos, c-myc and granulocyte/ macrophage colony stimulating factor. ARE elements are involved in directing RNA to rapid degradation and deadenylation. AUH is also homologous to enol-CoA hydratase, an enzyme involved in fatty acid degradation, and has been shown to have intrinsic hydratase enzymatic activity. AUH is thus a bifunctional chimera between RNA binding and metabolic enzyme activity. A possible subcellular localization in the mitochondria has been demonstrated for the mouse homolog of this protein which shares 92% identity with the human protein. It has been suggested that AUH may have a novel role as a mitochondrial located AU-binding protein. Human AUH is expressed as a single mRNA species of 1.8 kb, and translated as a 40-kDa precursor protein which is subsequently processed to a 32-kDa mature form. [provided by RefSeq]