

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in





F13A1 293T Cell Transient Overexpression Lysate(Denatured)

Catalog #: H00002162-T01 規格:[100 uL]

List All



Page 1 of 3 2016/5/20

Western Blot

Gene Information

Entrez GeneID: 2162

GeneBank

BC027963.1

Accession#:

Protein Accession#:

Gene Name: F13A1

Gene Alias: F13A

Gene **Description:** coagulation factor XIII, A1 polypeptide

Omim ID: <u>134570</u>

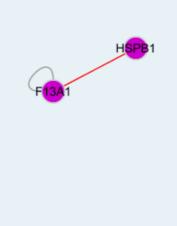
Gene Ontology: Hyperlink

Gene Summary: This gene encodes the coagulation factor XIII A subunit. Coagulation factor XIII is the last zymogen to become activated in the blood coagulation cascade. Plasma factor XIII is a heterotetramer composed of 2 A subunits and 2 B subunits. The A subunits have catalytic function, and the B subunits do not have enzymatic activity and may serve as plasma carrier molecules. Platelet factor XIII is comprised only of 2 A subunits, which are identical to those of plasma origin. Upon cleavage of the activation peptide by thrombin and in the presence of calcium ion, the plasma factor XIII dissociates its B subunits and yields the same active enzyme, factor XIIIa, as platelet factor XIII. This enzyme acts as a transglutaminase to catalyze the formation of gamma-glutamyl-epsilonlysine crosslinking between fibrin molecules, thus stabilizing the fibrin clot. It also crosslinks alpha-2-plasmin inhibitor, or fibronectin, to the alpha chains of fibrin. Factor XIII deficiency is classified into two categories: type I deficiency, characterized by the lack of both the A and B subunits; and type II deficiency, characterized by the lack of the A subunit alone. These defects can result in a lifelong bleeding tendency, defective wound healing, and habitual abortion. [provided by RefSeq

Other Designations: FSF, A subunit, TGase, bA525O21.1 (coagulation factor XIII, A1 polypeptide), coagulation factor XIII A1 subunit, coagulation factor XIII, A polypeptide, factor XIIIa, fibrin stabilizing factor, A subunit, fibrinoligase, protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase

Interactome

Page 2 of 3 2016/5/20



Gene Pathway

Complement and coagulation cascades

Related Disease

Abortion, Habitual Abortion, Spontaneous Activated Protein C Resistance Acute Disease

Alzheimer Disease Alzheimer disease Anemia, Sickle Cell Anemia, sickle cell

Aneurysm, Ruptured Angina Pectoris Antiphospholipid Syndrome

Arterial Occlusive Diseases Arteriosclerosis Arthritis, Rheumatoid Atherosclerosis

Atherosclerosis Atrial Fibrillation beta-Thalassemia Blood Coagulation Disorders, Inherited

... see more

服務條款 | 隱私權政策 | 著作及商標 | 網站地圖

©2016 亞諾法生技股份有限公司 Abnova Corporation. 版權所有.

Page 3 of 3 2016/5/20