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Produktinformation

- Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
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- Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
- Laborgeräte & Service

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See the following pages for more information!

Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Datasheet

FGFR3 (Human) Recombinant Protein (Q01)

Catalog Number: H00002261-Q01

Regulation Status: For research use only (RUO)

Product Description: Human FGFR3 partial ORF (NP_000133, 27 a.a. - 126 a.a.) recombinant protein with GST-tag at N-terminal.

Sequence:
TEQRVVGRAAEVPGPEPGQQEQLVFGSGDAVELSCP PPGGGPMGPTVWVKDGTGLVPSERVLVGPQRLQVLN ASHEDSGAYSCRQRLTQRVLCHFSVRVT

Host: Wheat Germ (in vitro)

Theoretical MW (kDa): 36.63

Applications: AP, Array, ELISA, WB-Re
(See our web site product page for detailed applications information)

Protocols: See our web site at http://www.abnova.com/support/protocols.asp or product page for detailed protocols

Preparation Method: *in vitro* wheat germ expression system

Purification: Glutathione Sepharose 4 Fast Flow

Storage Buffer: 50 mM Tris-HCl, 10 mM reduced Glutathione, pH=8.0 in the elution buffer.

Storage Instruction: Store at -80°C. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Entrez GeneID: 2261

Gene Symbol: FGFR3

Gene Alias: ACH, CD333, CEK2, HSFGFR3EX, JTK4

Gene Summary: This gene encodes a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, with its amino acid sequence being highly conserved between members and among divergent species. FGFR family members differ from one another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. A full-length representative protein would consist of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of the protein interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. This particular family member binds acidic and basic fibroblast growth hormone and plays a role in bone development and maintenance. Mutations in this gene lead to craniosynostosis and multiple types of skeletal dysplasia. Three alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms have been described. [provided by RefSeq]